# TOWN OF PAOLI, OKLAHOMA TABLE OF CONTENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

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Blackwell, OK 74631

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Independent Auditor's Report

The Board of Trustees Town of Paoli, Oklahoma

#### Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying modified cash basis financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Paoli, Oklahoma, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2013, and the related notes to the financial statements which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with the modified cash basis of accounting as described in Note 1; this includes determining that the modified cash basis of accounting is an acceptable basis for the preparation of the financial statements in the circumstances. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the Town's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such an opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used, and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

#### Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above, present fairly, in all material respects, the modified cash basis financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Paoli, Oklahoma as of June 30, 2013, and the changes in its modified cash basis financial position and, where applicable, its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with the basis of accounting described in Note 1.

#### Basis of Accounting

We draw attention to Note 1 of the financial statements that describes the basis of accounting. The financial statements are prepared on the modified cash basis of accounting, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

#### Report on Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements taken as a whole. The accompanying supplemental information is presented for the purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the financial statements as a whole on the basis of accounting described in Note 1.

# Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued a report dated January 18, 2014 on our consideration of the Town of Paoli, Oklahoma's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be read in conjunction with this report in considering the results of our audit.

Kimberlye R. Mayer, CPA Blackwell, Oklahoma

January 18, 2014

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

The Board of Trustees Town of Paoli, Oklahoma

We have audited the financial statements of Town of Paoli, Oklahoma as of and for the year ended June 30, 2013 and have issued our report thereon dated January 18, 2014. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. The financial statements were prepared on the modified cash basis of accounting which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

### **Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Town of Paoli, Oklahoma's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town of Paoli, Oklahoma's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town of Paoli, Oklahoma's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, in internal control that there is reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

## **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Town of Paoli, Oklahoma's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and

accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Town's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Kimberlye R. Mayer, CPA, P.C.

Blackwell, Oklahoma January 18, 2014

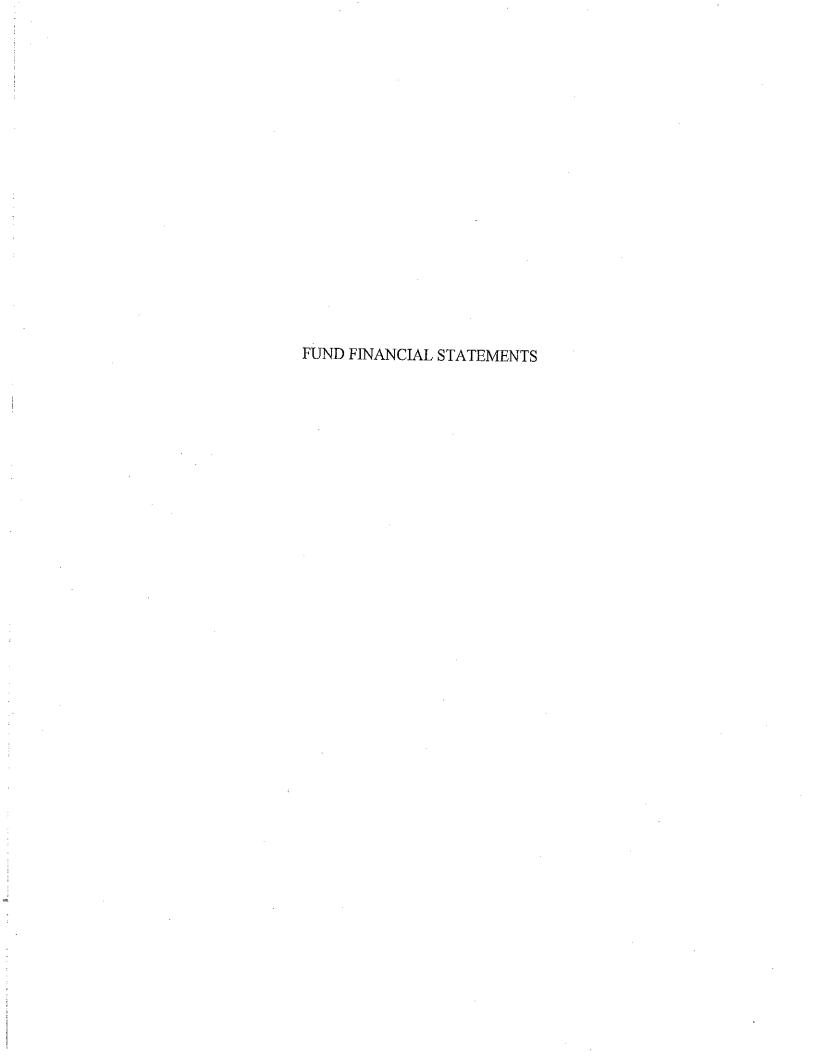


## TOWN OF PAOLI STATEMENT OF NET POSITION MODIFIED CASH BASIS JUNE 30, 2013

	Primary Government				
	Governmental	Business-Type			
	Activities	Activities	Total		
Assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 43,159	\$ 168,154	\$ 211,313		
Certificates of deposit	20,287		20,287		
Due from other funds	23		23		
Capital assets (Note 2):					
Land	5,000	4,134	9,134		
Capital assets (net of		•			
accumulated depreciation)	275,406	526,993	802,399		
Work in progess		211,295	211,295		
Total Assets	343,875	910,576	1,254,451		
Liabilities:			•		
Due to other funds					
Payroll withholding	1 410	23	23		
Customer meter deposits	1,413	868	2,281		
<del>-</del>		14,082	14,082		
Notes payable, current portion (Note 3) Notes payable, long-term (Note 3)		10,380	10,380		
Total Liabilities	1 410	1,902	1,902		
Total Liabilities	1,413	27,255	28,668		
Net Position:					
Net investment in capital assets	280,406	730,140	1,010,546		
Restricted for:	,	<del></del>	1,010,010		
Cemetery care	30,662		30,662		
Unrestricted	31,394	153,181	184,575		
Total Net Position	\$ 342,462	\$ 883,321	\$ 1,225,783		

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013 MODIFIED CASH BASIS TOWN OF PAOLI

s in Net Assets	Total	\$ (24,656) (59,400) (5,412)	$   \begin{array}{c}     (12,748) \\     \hline     (1,024) \\     \hline     (103,240)   \end{array} $	103,079 (793)	\$ 10,712	45,416 15,553 5,374 14,266 745 10,621 91,975	102,687	102,687 1,123,096 \$ 1,225,783
Net (Expense) Revenue & Changes in Net Assets	Business-Type Activities	€9		103,079 (793)	\$ 113,952	477 8,951 9,428	123,380	6,992 130,372 752,949 \$ 883,321
Net (Expense	Governmental Activities	\$ (24,656) (59,400) (5,412)	(1,024) (1,024) (103,240)		\$ (103,240)	45,416 15,553 5,374 14,266 268 1,670 82,547	(20,693)	(6,992) (27,685) 370,147 \$ 342,462
	Capital Grants and Contributions	<del>59</del>		107,334	\$ 107,334		before transfers	
Program Revenue	Operating Grants and Contributions	\$ 2,146 4,484 1,664	8,294		\$ 8,294	s: axes hicle taxes income ous Total general revenues	Change in net position before transfers	on úng of year year
Charoec	For	\$ 42,223 1,454	43,677	78,123 53,563 48,539 180,225	\$ 223,902	General Revenues: Taxes: Sales taxes Franchise taxes Gas and vehicle taxes Other taxes Investment income Miscellaneous Total gene	Ű	Transfers in (out) Change in net position Net position - beginning of year Net position - end of year
	Expenses	\$ 26,802 106,107 8,530 12,748	1,024	82,378 54,356 36,873 173,607	\$ 328,818			F 0 Z Z
	Function/Program Governmental activities:	General Government Public Safety Cemetery Streets	Culture and Recreation Total government activities	Business-type activities: Water Sewer Sanitation Total business-type activities	Total government			



## TOWN OF PAOLI BALANCE SHEET MODIFIED CASH BASIS GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2013

Assets:	General Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Cash and cash equivalents Certificates of deposit Due from other funds Total Assets	\$ 39,995 23 40,018	\$ 3,164 20,287 23,451	\$ 43,159 20,287 23 63,469
Liabilities and Fund Balance: Liabilities:	· .		
Payroll withholding Due to other funds Total Liabilities	1,413		1,413
Fund balances:	1,413		1,413
Nonspendable Restricted Committed Assigned		23,451	23,451
Unassigned Total Fund Balances	38,605 \$ 38,605	\$ 23,451	38,605 \$ 62,056

# RECONCILIATION TO STATEMENT OF NET POSITION:

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities of \$523,646, net of accumulated depreciation of \$243,240, are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.

280,406

Net position of governmental activities

\$ 342,462

## TOWN OF PAOLI STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - MODIFIED CASH BASIS GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	<i>C</i> 1	Other	_	Total
	General	Governmental	Gov	ernmental
Revenues:	Fund	Funds		Funds
Taxes	\$ 80,609	φ	ф	00.000
Charges for services		\$	\$	80,609
Fines	1,292 42,223	162		1,454
Investment income	161	107		42,223
Grants and donations	8,294	107		268 8 204
Miscellaneous	1,670			8,294
Total Revenues	134,249	269		1,670 134,518
Expenditures:	-	<del></del>		
Current:				
General Government	24,108			24,108
Police Department	80,010			80,010
Fire Department	11,847			11,847
Streets	11,240	٠		11,240
Cultural and Recreation	1,024			1,024
Cemetery	8,530			8,530
Total Expenditures	136,759			136,759
Excess (deficiencies) of revenues		<del></del>		
over expenditures	(2,510)	269		(2,241)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Transfers in (out)	(6,992)			(6,992)
Net changes in fund balances	(9,502)	269		(9,233)
Fund balances, beginning of year	48,107	23,182		71,289
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 38,605	\$ 23,451		62,056
PECONICH IATION TO THE OTATEMENT	OF A CITY WAYNE			
RECONCILIATION TO THE STATEMENT (				
Net changes in fund balances - total governmental activities.  Amounts reported for governmental activities.			\$	(2,241)
Statement of Activities are different because				
Capital asset purchases capitalized	iuse:			
Depreciation expense				(10 470)
- Trestation expense				(18,452) (18,452)
Change in Net Assets of Govern	mental Activities		\$	(20,693)
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	-,		Ψ	(20,000)

## TOWN OF PAOLI STATEMENT OF NET POSITION MODIFIED CASH BASIS PROPRIETARY FUND JUNE 30, 2013

	Public Works Authority Enterprise Fund
Assets:	
Current Assets:	•
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 168,154
Due from other funds	,
Total Current Assets	168,154
Noncurrent Assets:	
Land	4,134
Other capital assets, net of	,
accumulated depreciation (Note 2)	526,993
Work in progress	211,295
Total Noncurrent Assets	742,422
Total Assets	910,576
Liabilities:	
Current Liabilities:	
Due to other funds	23
Payroll withholdings	868
Notes payable, current portion (Note 3)	10,380
Total Current Liabilities	11,271
Noncurrent liabilities:	
Customer meter deposits	14,082
Notes payable, non-current portion (Note 3)	1,902
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	15,984
Total Liabilities	27,255
Net Position:	
Net investment in capital assets	730,140
Restricted for debt service	•
Unrestricted	153,181
Total Net Position	\$ 883,321

#### TOWN OF PAOLI

# STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES

# IN NET POSITION - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

# PROPRIETARY FUND

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	Public Works Authority Enterprise Fund			
Operating Revenues:				
Charges for services:				
Water	\$ 78,123			
Sewer	53,563			
Sanitation	48,539			
Grants	107,334			
Other income	8,951			
Total Operating Revenues	296,510			
Operating Expenses:				
Water Department	57,098			
Sewer Department	47,407			
Sanitation Department	31,718			
Depreciation	35,942			
Total Operating Costs	172,165			
Operating income (loss)	124,345			
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses):				
Interest income	477			
Interest expense	(1,442)			
Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)	(965)			
Changes in Net Position	123,380			
Transfers	6,992			
Net Position, beginning of year	752,949			
Net Position, end of year	\$ 883,321			

# TOWN OF PAOLI STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS MODIFIED CASH BASIS PROPRIETARY FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

Cash Flows From Operating Activities:	
Cash received from customers	\$ 189,176
Other operating cash receipts	107,334
Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services	(38,279)
Cash payments to employees	(96,695)
Net cash provided (used) by Operating Activities	161,536
Cash Flows From Non-Capital Financing Activities:	
Cash Flows From Capital And Related Financing Activities:	
Transfers in (out)	6,992
Acquisition and construction of capital assets	(123,840)
Principle payments	(25,545)
Interest payments	(1,442)
Net cash provided (used) by Financing Activities	(143,835)
Cash Flows From Investing Activities:	
Interest on cash and investments	477
Change in due to (from)	87
(Increase) decrease in restricted accounts	13,029
Net cash provided (used) by Investing Activities	13,593
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	31,294
Beginning cash and cash equivalents	136,860
Ending cash and cash equivalents	\$ 168,154
Paganailiation of income (1 ) S	
Reconciliation of income (loss) from operations to net cash	
provided (used) by operating activities: Income (Loss) from operations	
	124,345
Adjustments to reconcile income (loss) from operations to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:	
Depreciation	
Change in assets and liabilities:	35,942
Payroll liabilities	
Customer deposits	1010
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	1,249
- 177 Pro rada (abou) by operating activities	\$ 161,536

## NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES:

#### Financial Reporting Entity

The Town of Paoli, Oklahoma (Town) operates under the Town Board of Trustees form of government and provides the following services as authorized by its charter: public safety, streets, public improvements, recreation, planning and zoning, and general administration. The Town's financial reporting entity is composed of the following:

Primary Government: Town of Paoli, Oklahoma Blended Component Unit: Town of Paoli, Oklahoma Public Works Authority

#### Blended Component Unit

The Paoli Public Works Authority (PWA), an entity legally separate from the Town but having the Town as its beneficiary, is governed by the same board of trustees as governs the Town. For financial reporting purposes, the PWA is reported as if it were part of the Town's operations because its primary purpose is to finance and provide water, sewer, and trash services to the citizens of the Town.

#### Basis of Presentation

#### Government-Wide Financial Statements:

The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities display information about the reporting government as a whole. They include all funds of the reporting entity except for fiduciary funds. The statements distinguish between governmental and business-type activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange revenues. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods or services.

#### Fund Financial Statements:

Fund financial statements of the reporting entity are organized into funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that constitutes its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures/expenses. Funds are organized into two major categories: governmental and proprietary. The Town presently has no fiduciary funds. An emphasis is placed on major funds within the governmental and proprietary categories. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the Town or meets the following criteria:

- a. Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of that individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 10 percent of the corresponding total for all funds for that category or type; and
- b. Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of the individual governmental fund or enterprises fund are at least 5 percent of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined.

# NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued):

#### Governmental Funds

The General Fund is the primary fund of the Town and is always classified as a major fund. It is used to account for all activities except those legally or administratively required to be accounted for in other funds.

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of the specific revenue sources that are either legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes or designated to finance particular functions or activities of the Town. The reporting entity includes the following special revenue funds, all of which are reported as non-major funds:

Cemetery Care Fund – used to account for  $12 \frac{1}{2}\%$  of revenue from lot sales. These funds are restricted for purchasing cemetery land or making cemetery capital improvements.

#### Proprietary Funds

The enterprise funds are used to account for business-like activities provided to the general public. These activities are financed primarily by user charges and the measurement of financial activity focuses on net income measurement similar to the private sector. The reporting entity includes the Public Works Authority Fund. This fund is used to account for the activities in providing water, sewer, and sanitation services to the public. This fund is classified as a major fund.

#### Basis of Accounting

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities and the fund financial statements, governmental and business-like activities are presented using a modified cash basis of accounting. This basis recognizes assets, liabilities, net assets/fund equity, revenues, and expenditures/expenses when they result from cash transactions with a provision for depreciation in the government-wide statements and propriety fund statements. This basis is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

As a result of the use of this modified cash basis of accounting, certain assets and their related revenues (such as accounts receivable and revenue for billed or provided services not yet collected) and certain liabilities and their related expenses (such as accounts payable and expenses for goods or services received but not yet paid, and accrued expenses and liabilities) are not recorded in these financial statements.

# NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued):

#### Equity Classification

Net position in government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are classified as net investment in capital assets, restricted and unrestricted. Restricted net position represents constraints on resources that are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments or imposed by law through state statute.

In the governmental fund financial statements, fund balance is composed of five classifications designed to disclose the hierarchy of constraint placed on how fund balance can be spent. The governmental fund types classify fund balances as follows:

Nonspendable fund balance: This classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted fund balance: This classification includes revenue sources that are restricted to specific purposes internally imposed by creditors, grantors or imposed by law.

Committed fund balance: This classification includes the portion of fund balance that can only be used for specific purposes imposed by a majority vote of the Town's trustees.

Assigned fund balance: This classification includes a portion of fund balance that has been budgeted by the board of trustees.

*Unassigned fund balance:* This classification includes a portion of fund balance that has not been restricted, committed or assigned for a specific purpose.

## **Budget Policy and Practice**

An annual budget is submitted to the Town Trustees for review, and public hearings are held to address the budget. Once the budget is approved, the Town Trustees may amend the legally adopted budget when unexpected modifications are required in estimated revenues and appropriations.

Revenues are budgeted by source, and expenditures are budgeted by department and class as follows: personal services, materials and supplies, other services and charges, and capital outlay. This constitutes the legal level of control. Expenditures may not exceed appropriations at this level. Budget revisions are subject to final review by the Town Trustees.

The budget for the operating funds is prepared on the cash basis. Revenues are budgeted in the year receipt is expected; and expenditures are budgeted in the year that the applicable purchase orders is expected to be paid. The actual financial statements are reported on the modified cash basis.

#### **Budget and Budgetary Accounting**

The Town adopts annual budgets for the general and proprietary funds.

#### Cash and Cash Equivalents

For the purpose of financial reporting, cash and cash equivalents includes all demand and savings accounts (excluding restricted accounts) and certificates of deposit with a maturity of three months or less.

#### NOTE 2 – PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT:

The Town's modified cash basis of accounting reports capital assets resulting from cash transactions and reports depreciation where appropriate. The accounting treatment over property, plant, and equipment (capital assets) depends on whether the assets are used in governmental fund operations or proprietary fund operations and whether they are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements.

In the government-wide financial statements, capital assets arising from cash transactions are accounted for as assets in the Statement of Net Position. All capital assets are valued at historical cost, or estimated historical cost if actual is unavailable.

Depreciation of all exhaustible capital assets arising from cash transactions is recorded as an expense in the Statement of Activities, with accumulated depreciation reflected in the Statement of Net Position. Depreciation is provided over the assets' estimated useful lives using the straight-line method of depreciation.

In the fund financial statements, capital assets arising from cash transactions acquired for use in governmental fund operations, are accounted for as capital outlay expenditures of the governmental fund upon acquisition. Capital assets acquired for use in proprietary fund operations are accounted for the same as in the government-wide statements.

# NOTE 2 - PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT (continued):

Capital asset activity, resulting from modified cash basis transactions, for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013 was as follows:

		Balance at				Balance at
Governmental activities:	<u>J</u>	une 30, 2012	Additions	Deductions	Jı	ine 30, 2013
Fire Department equipment	Ф	100 570	<b>A</b>			
Police Department equipment	\$	199,572	\$	\$	\$	199,572
Parks and Recreation		44,475				44,475
Land		49,441		·		49,441
<del>-</del>		5,000				5,000
Buildings		129,212				129,212
General equipment	•	9,967				9,967
Street improvements	_	85,979				85,979
Totals		523,646	0	-		523,646
Less accumulated depreciation:						
Equipment		164,588	14,388			178,976
Buildings		48,389	2,556			50,945
Street improvements		11,811	1,508			13,319
Totals		224,788	18,452			243,240
Capital assets, net	\$	298,858	\$ (18,452)	\$	\$	280,406
Business-type activities:						•
Land	\$	4,134	\$	<b>d</b> r	٨	
Buildings	Ψ	21,674	Φ	\$	\$	4,134
Utility equipment		183,934	16.605			21,674
Water & sewer system			16,505			200,439
Totals	<del></del>	909,404	16:505			909,404
Totals		1,119,146	16,505	h		1,135,651
Less accumulated depreciation:						
Buildings		9,752	2,167			11,919
Utility equipment		138,834	11,030			149,864
Water & sewer system		419,997	22,744			442,741
Totals	<del></del>	568,583	35,941			604,524
Capital assets, net	\$	550,563	\$ (19,436)	\$	\$	531,127

#### NOTE 3 - LONG TERM DEBT:

All long-term debt arising from cash basis transactions to be repaid from governmental and business-type resources is reported as liabilities in the government-wide statements.

Long-term debt arising from cash basis transactions of governmental funds is not reported as a liability in the fund financial statements. The debt proceeds are reported as other financing sources and payment of principal and interest reported as expenditures. The accounting for proprietary funds is the same in the fund financial statements as the treatment in the government-wide statements.

There is no long-term debt at June 30, 2013 as the result of governmental activities. The long-term debt arising from cash transactions, payable from proprietary fund resources consisted of the following:

Refundable deposits reported as a liability within the
Statement of Net Position utility deposits.

14,082

Notes payable for water and sewer improvements:

Promissory note with a local bank. This note carries an interest rate of 6% and monthly payments of \$970. This note matures on August 5, 2014.

\$ 12,282

Promissory note with OWRB. This note carries a variable interest rate currently at 1.23%. Payments are made quarterly through a trustee bank. This note was paid off during the fiscal year ending June 30, 2013.

\$

The following is a summary of changes in long-term debt for the year ended June 30, 2013:

	I	Balance				٠	]	Balance	An	ounts Due
	Jun	e 30, 2012	A	lditions	R	eductions	Jun	e 30, 2013	With	in One Year
Loans	\$	37,827	\$		\$	(25,545)	\$	12,282	\$	10,380
Refundable deposits		12,833		1,249				14,082		
Totals	\$	50,660	\$	1,249	\$	(25,545)	\$	26,364		

The annual debt requirements to maturity for the notes payable as of June 30, 2013 are as follows:

Year Ended	_ P	rinciple	I	nterest
6/30/14	\$	10,380	\$	1,260
6/30/15		1,902		38
Totals	\$	12,282	\$	1,298

#### NOTE 4 – CASH AND DEPOSITS:

The State of Oklahoma allows municipalities to invest in direct obligations of the United States Government, its agencies or instrumentalities; collateralized or insured certificates of deposit; insured savings accounts of savings certificates; or county, municipal or school district direct debt.

Cash and deposits are categorized for level of risk as follows:

Category 1 – Insured or collateralized with securities held by the City or by its agent in the Town's name.

Category 2 – Collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the City's name.

Category 3 – Uncollateralized

Cash and deposits, categorized by level of risk, at June 30, 2013 are:

Bank		Category		Carrying
Balance	1	2	3	Amount
\$ 211,626	\$ 211,626	\$	\$	\$ 211,313
20,287	20,287			20,287
231,913	231,913			231,600
	Balance \$ 211,626 20,287	Balance     1       \$ 211,626     \$ 211,626       20,287     20,287	Balance     1     2       \$ 211,626     \$ 211,626     \$       20,287     20,287	Balance         1         2         3           \$ 211,626         \$ 211,626         \$           20,287         20,287

#### NOTE 5 – EQUITY CLASSIFICATION:

Equity in government-wide financial statements is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

Investment in capital assets: Consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvements of those assets.

Restricted net position: Consists of net position with constraints placed on the use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted net position: All other net assets that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

Governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance. Proprietary fund equity is classified the same as in the government-wide statements.

#### NOTE 6- PENSION PLANS:

The Town's volunteer firemen participate in the Oklahoma State Firefighter's Pension and Retirement System. Vesting occurs after 10 years of service and payments begin at age 50, or after 20 years of service, whichever is later. The total contribution for the year ended June 30, 2013 was \$1,080 and covered 18 volunteers.

### NOTE 7 - FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS:

The Town's financial instruments include cash and cash equivalents, certificates of deposits and notes payable. The Town's estimate of the fair value of all financial instruments recorded in the accompanying statement of net position. The carrying amount of these financial statements approximates fair value because of the short maturity of these instruments.

#### NOTE 8 – RISK MANAGEMENT:

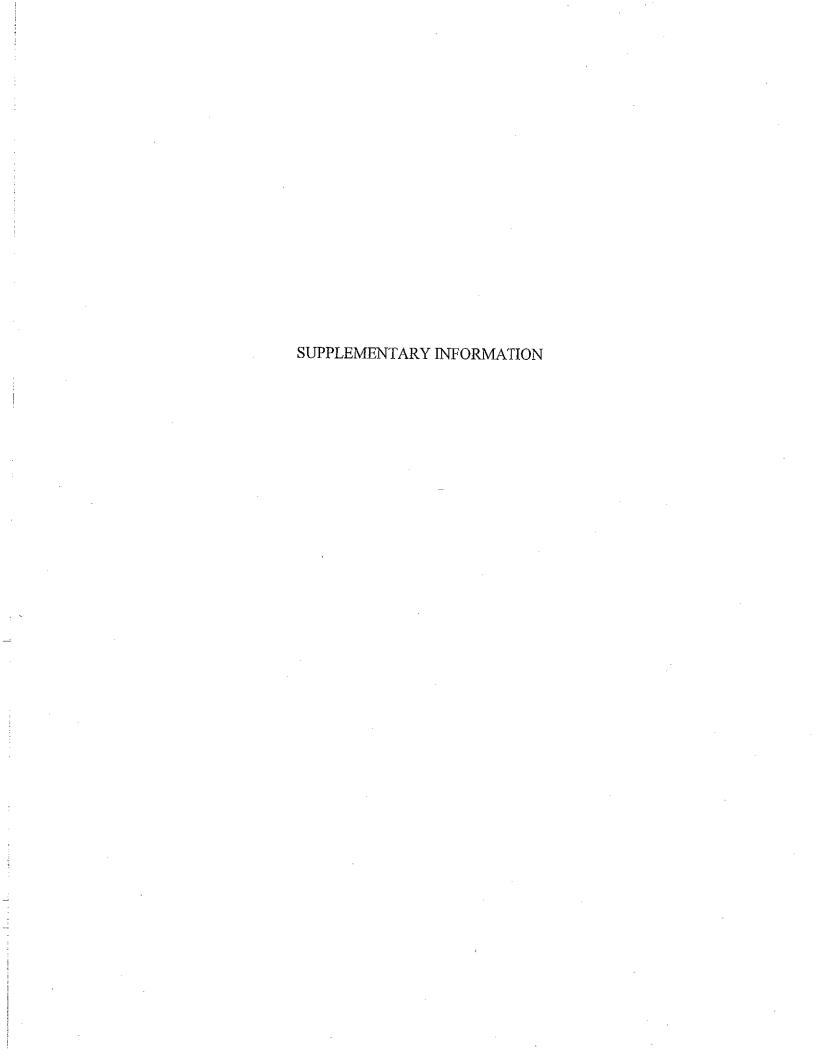
The Town is exposed to various risks of losses related to torts; thefts of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Town manages this risk through the purchase of commercial insurance policies. Risk management activities are accounted for by fund, and claims are recognized when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. In determining claims, events that might create claims, but for which none have been reported, are considered. There were no claims activity for the year just ended.

#### NOTE 9 – ESTIMATES:

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with the modified cash basis of accounting used by the Town requires management to make certain estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

## NOTE 10 - EVALUATION OF SUBSEQUENT EVENTS:

The Town has evaluated subsequent events through January 18, 2014, the date which the financial statements were available to be issued.



## TOWN OF PAOLI SCHEDULE OF FEDERAL FINANCIAL AWARDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

Program Title/Source	CFDA Number	Receipts/ Revenue		Disbursements/ Expenses	
Community Development Block Grant	14460-CDB610	\$	66,199	\$	66,199
	13823-CDB609	\$	41,135	\$	41,135
Total federal awards			·	\$	107,334

# TOWN OF PAOLI BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - MODIFIED CASH BASIS GENERAL FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

•	Budgeted Amounts		Actual	Variance with Final Budget	
	Original	Final	Amounts	Positive (Negative)	
Beginning budgetary fund balance	\$ 48,107	\$ 48,107	\$ 48,107	\$	
Resources (Inflows):					
Sales tax	44,000	44,000	45,416	1,416	
Use tax	3,000	7,500	9,157	1,657	
Franchise taxes	14,500	14,500	15,553	1,053	
Alcoholic beverage tax	4,000	4,000	4,544	1,033 544	
Tobacco tax	600	600	565		
Motor vehicle and gas taxes	5,465	5,465	5,374	(35) (91)	
Fines	40,000	40,000	42,223	, ,	
Other revenues	8,000	8,000	2,962	2,223	
Grants/donations	0,000	0,000	2,302 8,294	(5,038)	
Interest	200	200	161	8,294	
Total Resources	119,765	124,265	134,249	(39)	
	115,705	124,203	134,249	9,984	
Charges (Outflows):					
General Government:					
Materials and supplies	2,000	2,000	943	1,057	
Other services and charges	10,000	12,500	12,307	193	
Capital outlay					
Total General Government	12,000	14,500	13,250	1,250	
Parks:				•	
Materials and supplies	2,000	500	389	111	
Other services and charges	2,000	800	635	165	
Total Parks & Recreation	4,000	1,300	1,024	276	
Fire:	•	-,	1,021	270	
Materials and supplies	3,000	3,000	1,452	1,548	
Other services and charges	2,000	10,000	10,395	(395)	
Total Fire	5,000	13,000	11,847	1,153	
Police:					
Personnel services	35,000	51,000	50,344	656	
Materials and supplies	13,500	12,500	11,452	1,048	
Other services and charges	14,000	14,000	14,220	(220)	
Capital outlay	<b>,</b>	1,000	11,000	(220)	
Total Police	62,500	77,500	76,016	1,484	
Street and Alley:				•	
Materials and supplies	2,000	100	57	43	
Other services and charges	8,000	11,200	11,183	43 17	
Total Street and Alley	10,000	11,300	11,240	60	
•	dited Symplemental		1 x 3 20 T U		

<sup>&</sup>quot;Unaudited Supplemental Information" -24-

# TOWN OF PAOLI BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - MODIFIED CASH BASIS GENERAL FUND (Continued) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

				Variance with	
	Budgeted Amounts		. Actual	Final Budget	
	Original	Final	Amounts	Positive (Negative)	
Municipal Court:	\$	\$	\$	\$	
Personnel services	1,665	1,665	1,532	133	
Other services and charges	2,400	2,500	2,462	38	
Total Municipal Court	4,065	4,165	3,994	171	
Animal Control:					
Personnel services	100				
Materials and supplies	100	100	24	76	
Other services and charges		175	175		
Total Animal Control	200	275	199	76	
Town Clerk/Treasurer:					
Personnel services	8,000	8,000	7,867	133	
Town Attorney:		,			
Other Services and Charges	2,000	1,000	917	83	
Maintenance:					
Materials and supplies	1,000	300	55	245	
Other services and charges	1,000	1,900	1,820	80	
Total Maintenance	2,000	2,200	1,875	325	
Cemetery:					
Materials and supplies	1,000	1,000	762 .	238	
Other services and charges	9,000	8,000	7,768	232	
Total Cemetery	10,000	9,000	8,530	470	
Total Charges	119,765	142,240	136,759	5,481	
Other Financing Sources:					
Transfer from other funds					
Transfer to other funds		<u> </u>	(6,992)	(6,992)	
Total Other Financing Sources			(6,992)	(6,992)	
Ending budgetary fund balance	\$ 48,107	\$ 30,132	\$ 38,605	\$ 8,473	

#### TOWN OF PAOLI, OKLAHOMA NOTES TO BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE JUNE 30, 2013

#### Budget Law

The Town prepares its annual operating budget under the provisions of the Municipal Budget Act. In accordance with these provisions the following process is used to adopt the annual budget:

- 1. At least 30 days prior to July 1, a proposed operating budget is submitted to the Town Council.
- 2. A public hearing is held no later than 15 days prior to July 1 for citizen comments.
- 3. Subsequent to the public hearings but no later than 7 days prior to July 1, the budget is adopted by resolution of the Town Council.
- 4. The adopted budget is filed with the Office of State Auditor and Inspector.

The level of control at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations is the object category level by department within a fund. The Budget Act recognizes the following object categories as minimum legal level of control by department within a fund:

- Personal Service
- Materials and Supplies
- Other Services and Charges
- Capital Outlay
- Debt Service
- Fund Transfers

All transfers of appropriations between departments and supplemental appropriations require Town Council approval. The Mayor may transfer appropriations between object categories within a department without Town Council approval. Supplemental appropriations must also be filed with the Office of State Auditor and Inspector.

#### Basis of Accounting

The budget is prepared on the cash basis of accounting as applied to the governmental funds in the basic financial statements. Revenues and expenditures are reported when they result from cash transactions. The Town does not budget for depreciation.